Wickwar Out of School Club

# Staff Absence Policy/Sickness Procedure

**WICKWAR OUT OF SCHOOL CLUB** recognises the contribution of its employees and is committed to providing good working conditions and health and safety standards.

It is the responsibility of the Club to make the most effective use of its employees and the Absence Management Policy contributes to that objective.

**Key Principles**

1. This procedure enables managers to address absence issues, both short- and long-term, in a fair, consistent and equitable manner. It is recognised however that all cases must be dealt with on an individual basis because of differing circumstances therefore this procedure gives an outline of the principles to be observed.
2. This procedure will be invoked where management has cause for concern regarding an employee’s short-term persistent or long-term absence.
3. The Club recognises that everybody is sick or subject to emergencies from time to time, however, regular attendance at work is a contractual requirement.
4. Short-term absenteeism refers to a series of illnesses that are often unconnected which result in frequent, short periods of absence.
5. It is acknowledged that occasions do arise when people are away from work on a long-term basis as a result of chronic or acute ill health. Although each case will be dealt with on an individual basis this policy outlines certain principles that will always be observed. Long-term absence would normally be classed as at least six weeks continuous absence.
6. This procedure applies to ALL staff within the Club except for employees currently in their probationary period.
7. Advice should be taken at all formal stages of this procedure to ensure the consistent application of this procedure throughout the Club.
8. In accordance with the Club Equality Policy, this procedure will not discriminate, either directly or indirectly, on the grounds age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage/civil partnership, pregnancy/maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, or sexual orientation, trade union membership, or any other personal characteristics.
9. The policy and procedure will be reviewed periodically giving due consideration to any legislative changes.

**General Points**

1. **WOOSC’s** procedure for managing absence **MUST** be followed. It is the responsibility of every employee to report any absence and only in exceptional cases should this procedure be carried out by someone else on their behalf.
2. If an employee knowingly gives any false information or makes false statements about their sickness it may be treated as misconduct and may result in disciplinary action being taken. In proven cases of gross misconduct, it could lead to dismissal (e.g. absent on sick leave and working elsewhere).
3. Employees will not be entitled to an additional day off if they are sick on a statutory holiday.
4. Employees are not entitled to contractual sick pay, as per the terms and conditions of their employment contract. They may be entitled to statutory sick pay.
5. The Club reserves the right to request a Doctor’s Certificate for periods of absence of less than seven days in cases of short-term persistent absence. Where a cost is incurred, this will be reimbursed by the Club.
6. Should an employee unreasonably fail to comply with the Club’s Absence Management policy and procedure, it may be treated as misconduct and could result in disciplinary action being taken.
7. The organisation has the right to dismiss employees whilst they are receiving sick pay entitlement. Any decision to dismiss will be supported by medical advice. Employees who are dismissed are entitled to receive the full amount that would be equivalent to their sick pay entitlement, plus the relevant notice and leave entitlement.

**Employee Responsibilities**

**Reporting Absence**

1. All employees must contact the Club Manager or Business Manager as early as possible on the first day of absence. The employee must make this call. The only exception is where it is clearly not possible for employees to ring personally – such as admission to Hospital.
2. Employees must talk directly to the Manager/Deputy Manager and not leave messages with anybody else or send text messages.
3. If an employee does not have a telephone at home alternative arrangements for reporting sickness must be made.
4. When reporting absence employees must give the following information:

* The reason for the absence (if known).
* The expected length of absence (if known).

1. In cases of continued absence, employees must contact the Club Manager again on the fourth day of absence to provide them with up to date information.

**Sickness Certification**

1. If an absence lasts for seven calendar days or less, on the first day back at work, employees will be required to complete a Sickness Self-Certificate giving the reasons for absence. The Certificate will be countersigned by a manager/supervisor and subsequently will be kept in the individual’s personnel file.
2. If an absence exceeds seven calendar days a doctor's statement of fitness to work certificate must be submitted to the line manager, no later than the tenth day of absence, covering the absence from the eighth day.
3. If an absence continues beyond the period covered by the initial medical certificate, further medical certificates must be submitted to give continuous cover for the period of absence. On eventual return to work employees must complete the Club’s Sickness Self-Certificate in respect of the first seven days or less not covered by a doctor's medical certificate.
4. If the doctor's medical certificate does not specify the period of absence covered, it will be classed as covering a period of seven calendar days only.

**Return to Work Interview**

1. On returning to work, employees will be required to attend a return to work interview with their line manager to discuss their absence.
2. The discussion should allow for an exchange of information and be as frank and as open as possible as this will prevent any misunderstandings concerning the nature of the absence.
3. This will also enable the line manager to discuss any assistance that may be given to enable an employee to return to work or prevent further absence occurring.
4. A record of the interview should be kept by the line manager.

**Short-Term Persistent Absence**

**Monitoring and Consultation**

The Club operates an accurate method of recording and monitoring levels of absence. If the amount of time being taken off for illness is giving cause for concern, managers will discuss this with employees at the return to work interview.

**Continued Absence**

If absence levels continue to cause concern, then employees should be referred for an independent medical examination.

If the absence is the consequence of an underlying medical condition, then medical advice would be sought to identify any reasonable adjustments or assistance that the Club can provide.

**Disciplinary Action**

Continued non-attendance may result in disciplinary action being taken if no underlying medical condition can be identified. This may be in the form of either a verbal, first written or final written warning, and could ultimately lead to dismissal. As part of this process employees will be given the opportunity to improve their attendance.

**Long-Term Absence**

**Consultation and Discussion**

1. In cases of long-term absence line managers must arrange to conduct regular ‘care and concern’ interviews to discuss possible courses of action should the absence continue (these interviews should be recorded and notes sent to the employee concerned). Employees may choose to be accompanied by a work colleague or trade union representative. The line manager may also choose to be accompanied, normally by a colleague or Committee member.
2. If employees are too ill to travel line managers may choose to conduct a home visit at a mutually convenient time.

**Medical Advice**

1. In cases of long-term absence, regular medical assessments must be sought.
2. Where there is doubt regarding an employee’s ability to return to work on a permanent basis, advice must be sought from a Health Service Provider. (e.g. G.P. medical report or Occupational Health Professional)
3. Employees must make themselves available to attend medical referrals requested by the Club.

**Returning to Work**

1. Wherever possible the Club will aid a return to work on a permanent basis. To establish the most effective way of doing this the Club may seek further medical advice.
2. This may include making reasonable adjustments to the employee’s job, allowing a phased return to work, or by allowing the employee to return to work on a reduced or alternative hour’s basis.
3. Where a phased return to work is recommended through the medical assessment, the employee will be able to return to work on a part-time basis and receive their full pay. This will be for a maximum period of four weeks, after that the employee must substitute their annual leave for days not worked or receive payment only for the hours worked.
4. Where an employee requests a phased return to work themselves, annual leave should be taken for days not worked or they may opt to receive payment only for the hours worked.

**Sick Pay Regulations**

Sick pay regulations are financial provisions which indicate if an employee is entitlement to sick pay. They in no way indicate the amount of sickness absence to which an employee is entitled.

**Resignation**

1. At any time during this process an employee may choose to resign from their employment. They are required to give their contractual notice and any outstanding accrued holiday entitlement will be paid in lieu.
2. Payment in lieu of notice may be agreed by Business Manager.

**Dismissal On The Grounds Of Capability**

1. Should the dismissal of an employee be identified during the final care and concern meeting as the only appropriate option (i.e. all other options as outlined above have been investigated and found to be inappropriate) a formal capability review meeting must be held with the employee in question to fully consider the situation again.
2. At this meeting the employee has the right to be accompanied by a companion.
3. Following the meeting if the employee is dismissed, they will be given a letter confirming the reason for dismissal, the date of dismissal, their right to appeal, any payment in lieu of contractual notice and any other outstanding payments to which they are entitled e.g. annual leave.

**Data Protection**

All information relating to an individual’s absence will be handled in line with Data Protection principles and will be used purely to carry out the management of their employment.

**Manager’s Procedure**

1. On first notification of absence of a staff member, a manager will check registers and ensure staff/child ratios will be sufficient on each day of the absence.
2. The relief staff will be accessed.
3. With the result of the relief staff list being exhausted, the chairperson will be notified of the situation and a decision will be made on relevant staffing.

**Manager’s Absence Procedure**

1. Jobs will be delegated where possible (i.e. before holiday leave).
2. If unsure at any point contact the chairperson for advice.

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| This policy was adopted by: **Wickwar Out of School Club** | Date:15/08/2023 |
| To be reviewed: 01/09/2024 | Signed:  Chair of committee |

**Annex A**

**Trigger Points - Irregular Attendance**

Trigger points are agreed levels of sickness absence which, when reached, will trigger management action.

Where someone is approaching a trigger point, it may be an early indication of a problem and line managers should informally discuss an employee’s attendance record with him/her, including reminding him/her of the standards expected and of the support available to help his/her attendance improve, including early interventions.

Trigger points are used to remind managers that the amount of sick leave being taken may be a problem and that it should be addressed.

Before considering action, line managers should consider each case on its merits and take account of:

1. Isolated illnesses/accidents which should not lead to formal action in an otherwise good attendance record.
2. Staff who are disabled, where special consideration may have to be given to a higher level of absence.
3. Whether the absence has resulted from an industrial injury or illness, in these circumstances further action may not be appropriate.
4. Whether the absence is related to pregnancy or an assault in connection with their duties, in which case no further action should be taken

**Trigger Points**

Line managers should consider taking formal action when:

1. Self-certificated absences in any 12-month period exceed 14 days.
2. Absences exceed 7 days in a 6-month period or less, although one isolated absence of 7 days would not necessarily require action.
3. Absences fall regularly on specific days, e.g. a Friday and/or Monday.
4. Eight or more spells of sickness absence are taken in a 12-month period, or four or more spells are taken in a 6-month period or less, irrespective of the length of the absences.
5. Absences for frequent and unrelated non-specific illnesses, e.g. headache, stomach ache, back trouble, especially where these are self-certificated.